



Shoreline Planning Competitive Grant Pre-Application Workshop

Shorelands & Environmental Assistance Program June 5, 2023

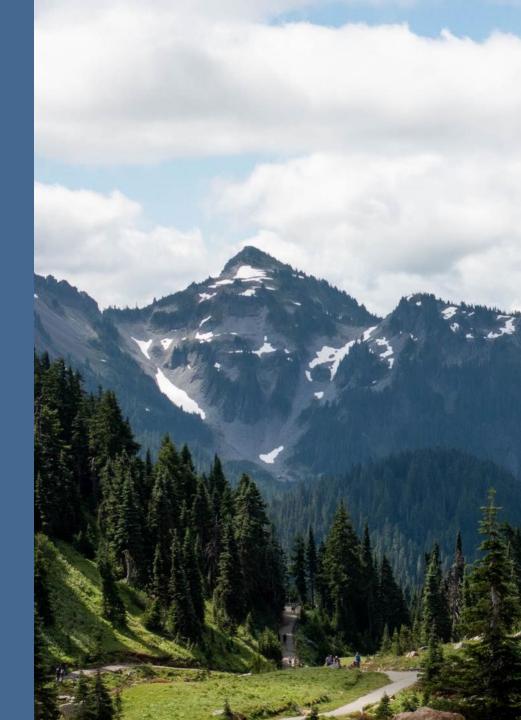
Welcome

Misty Blair

Shoreline Management Policy Lead





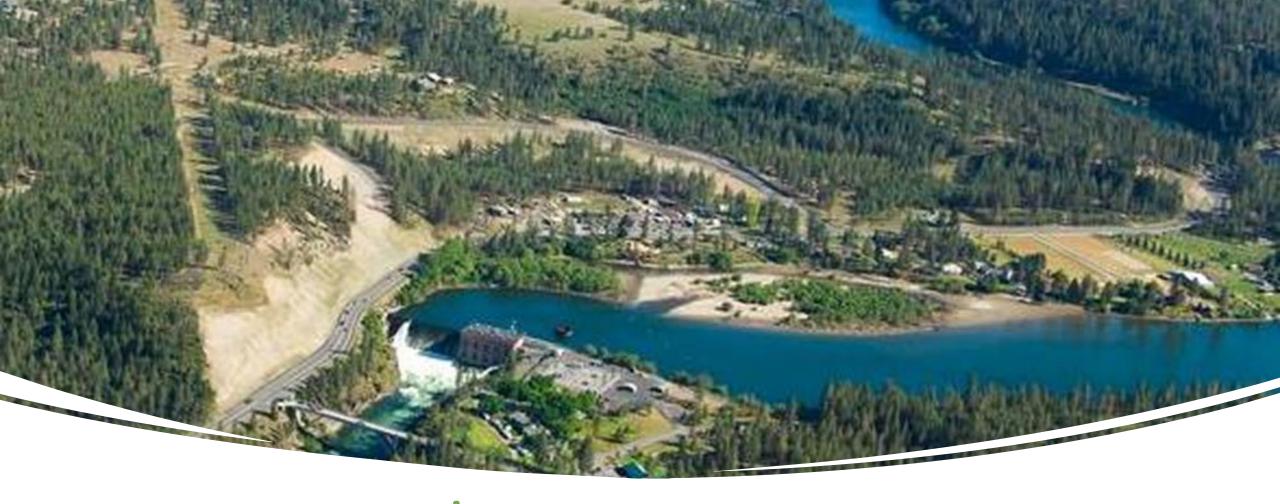


This workshop is being recorded, and the video may be posted on our webpage.



Agenda

- 1 Welcome and introduction
- 2 Grant program overview
- 3 Environmental justice/tribal engagement
- 4 Quality Assurance Project Plans (QAPPs)
- 5 Application process
- 6 Lessons learned
- 7 Audience Q & A



Shorelands and Environmental Assistance (SEA)

Together, we manage and protect shorelines in partnership with local governments

2023-25 Shoreline Planning Competitive Grant Program

- Flexible funding for shoreline planning
- Open to any local government with an SMP
- Applicants must set up scope of work, deliverables, and budget



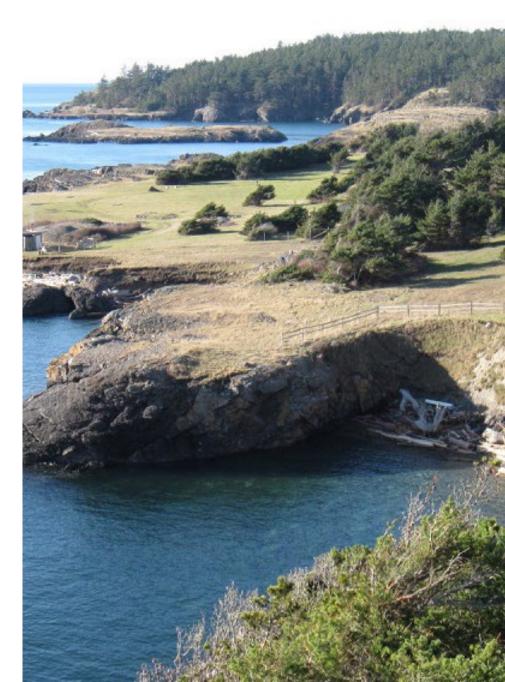
Reduce and prepare for climate impacts



Protect and manage our state's waters



Protect and restore Puget Sound



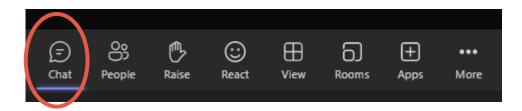
Workshop Objectives

- > inform consultants of this grant opportunity
- provide feedback on eligibility
- answer questions about scoring criteria
- share ideas for addressing environmental justice
- provide information on the application process
- > share helpful tips and resources



Questions

- 20-minute Q&A session at the end of the workshop
- Use the chat feature to ask questions or post comments

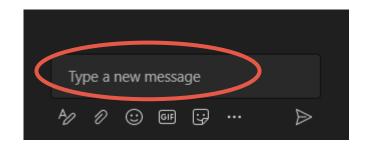


Questions

Type your question in the chat







Did you come to today's workshop with a project idea in mind?

- a) Yes
- b) No
- c) n/a, I'm here to learn more about the program.

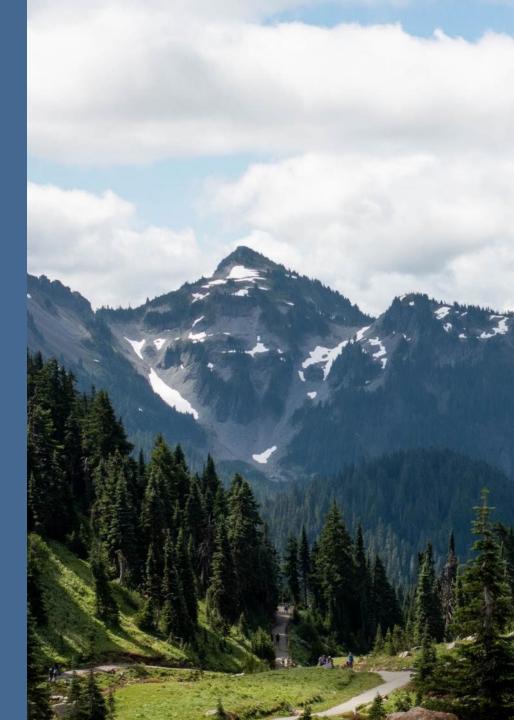
Please type your answer in the chat box.

Grant Program Overview

Rebecca Rothwell







Counties, cities, and towns with an SMP

Eligible applicants



Eligible project types

Shoreline planning and planning-related projects

Examples:

- Climate resilience planning
- Shoreline permit monitoring
- Channel migration zone studies
- Improving SMP implementation

Climate impact resilience planning

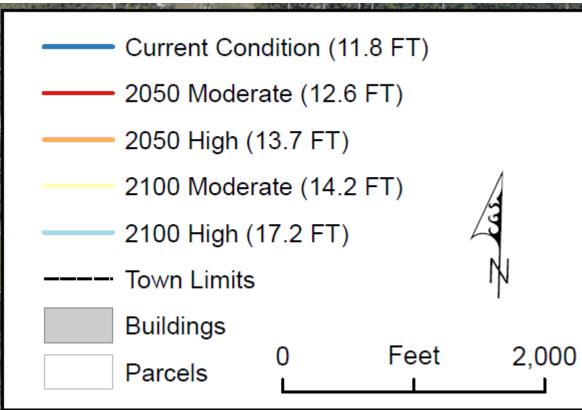
Climate impact planning projects can address one or more hazards related to sea level rise, channel migration, flooding, drought, or wildfire.



Coupeville SLR vulnerability assessment







Permit monitoring and adaptive management



Identify key questions:

- County/City issued complete and fully compliant permit?
- Applicant complied?



Modify Permit Implementation Process



Adaptive Management

Monitor:

- Permit process steps
- Permit compliance



Recommend Solutions and Actions:

- Revise application form
- Train staff
- Revise administrative interpretations
- Revise policies or regulations



Evaluation of Monitoring Results

Other types of local planning priorities

- SMP user guide
- Updated application and counter materials
- Shoreline public access plan
- Updated restoration plan
- Accessibility update of existing documents, GIS platform
- Provide documents in another language

Ineligible project types

- Construction/development projects
- On-the-ground restoration projects
- Preliminary engineering work



Award amounts

We have \$3 million available

The maximum award per project is \$250,000



2023-25 Shoreline Planning Competitive Grants Funding cycle timeline

Important dates for Applicants

All funds must be spent by June 30, 2025.

Application Opens

July 5, 2023 (Wednesday) at 8:00 a.m.

Application Closes

August 17, 2023 (Thursday) at 5:00 p.m.

Ecology sends funding decision notices via email

On or before September 27, 2023 (Wednesday)

Ecology sends award letters.

On or before October 2, 2023 (Monday)

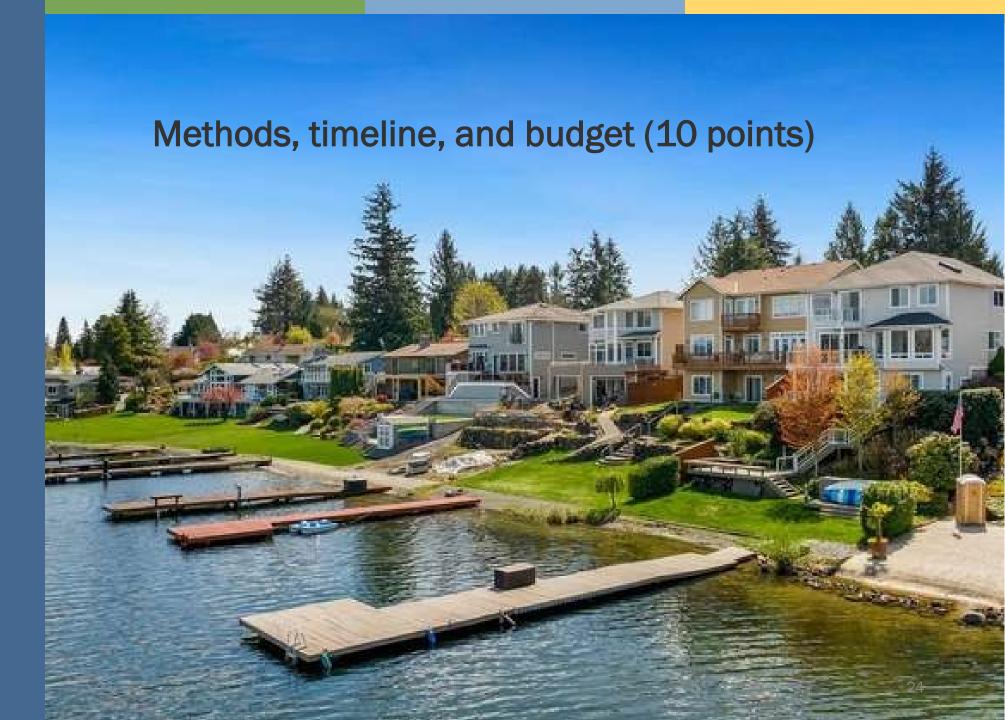
Agreements for funded projects will be finalized and signed October-November 2023

- 1. Project description
- 2. Supports SMA policy, meets an identified need, and serves the public interest
- 3. Methods, timeline, and budget
- 4. Tribal engagement
- 5. Environmental justice
- 6. Population size
- 7. Regional distribution

Project description (20 points): The project is well described and is ordered into tasks with clear outcomes and tangible deliverables

Nexus to the Shoreline Management Act (20 points):

The project supports the policy of the Shoreline Management Act, the project's benefits will serve the public interest, and there is a clear need or problem that the project addresses.



Tribal engagement (5 points)

The proposal prioritizes and incorporates tribal engagement.

Environmental justice (10 points)

The project prioritizes environmental justice. Points will be awarded to overburdened communities based on demographics.

Population size (5 points)

Points will be automatically awarded to smaller jurisdictions based on population size.

Regional distribution (5 points)

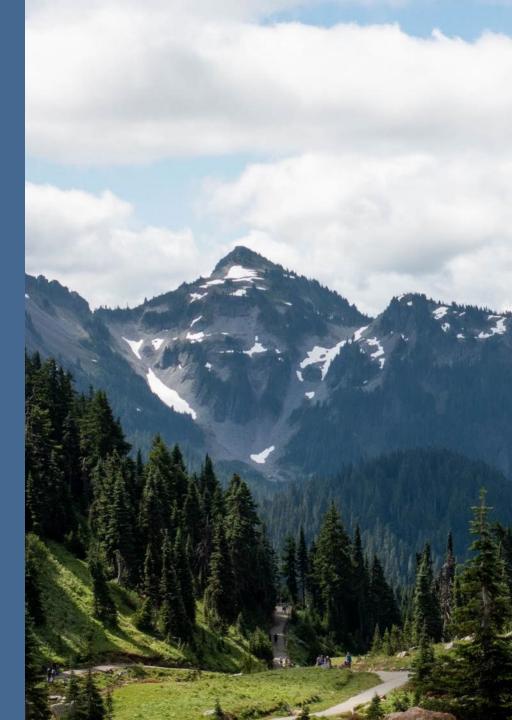
Proposals in central and eastern Washington are automatically awarded points in order to promote projects across the state.

Environmental justice and Tribal engagement

Olivia Zimmerman







What is Environmental Justice?

- Equitable exposure to environmental benefits and burdens across populations
 - Currently, marginalized and historically ignored communities face greater environmental burdens and fewer benefits

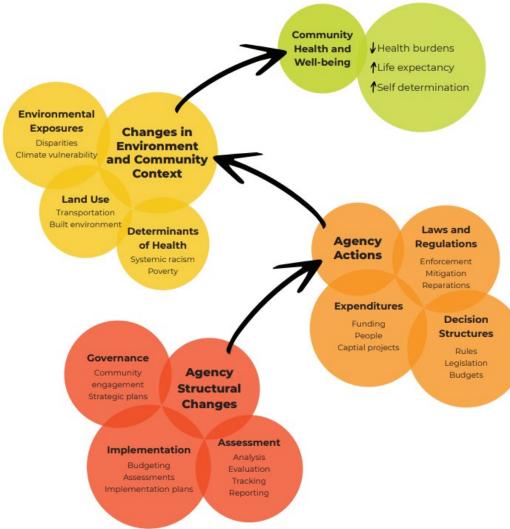


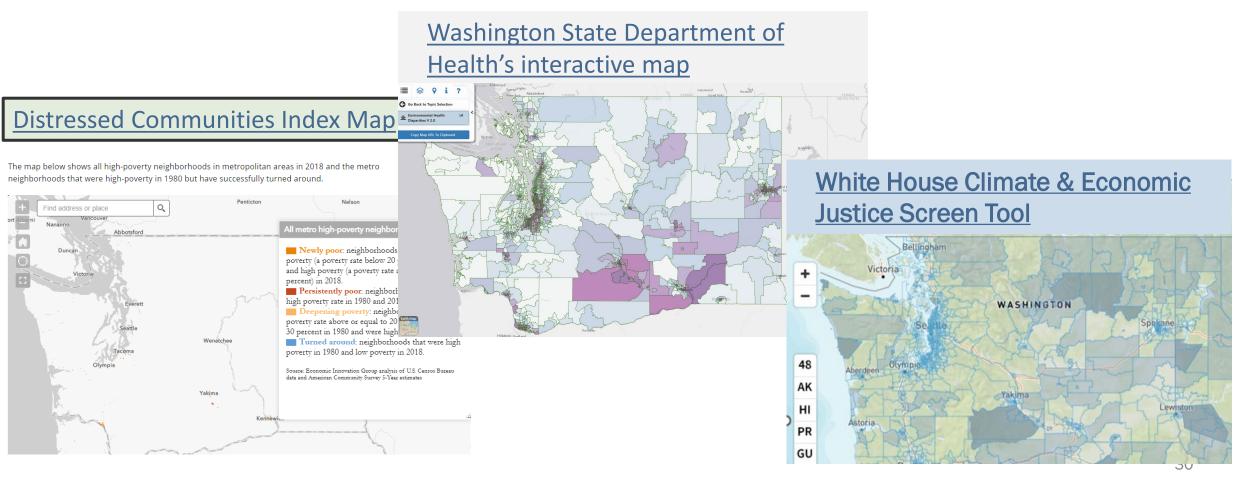
Image source: Front and Centered – <u>HEAL Progress Report</u>

Two Components - EJ Criteria

- 1. Mapping exercise
- 2. Narrative

Environmental Justice

Points are awarded based on demonstration that the applicant used the mapper tools and provided a narrative explaining the relevance of this information to the project:



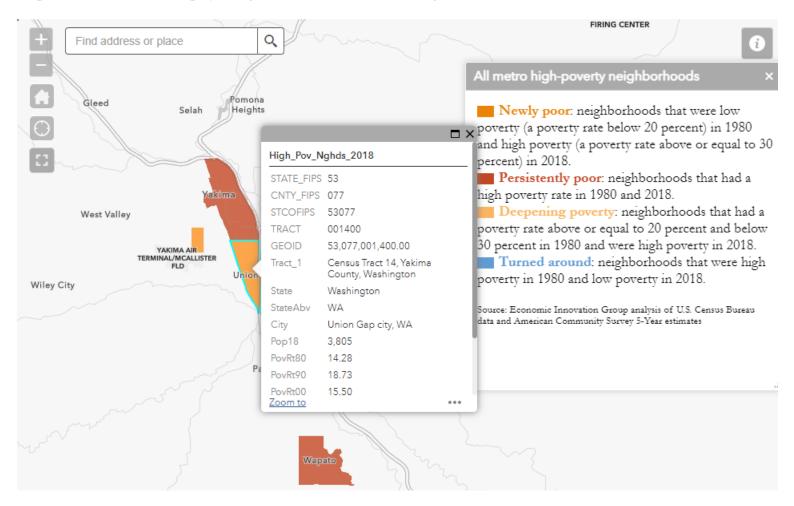
Distressed Communities Index Map

Economic Innovation Group high poverty neighborhoods interactive map.

Covers poverty as:

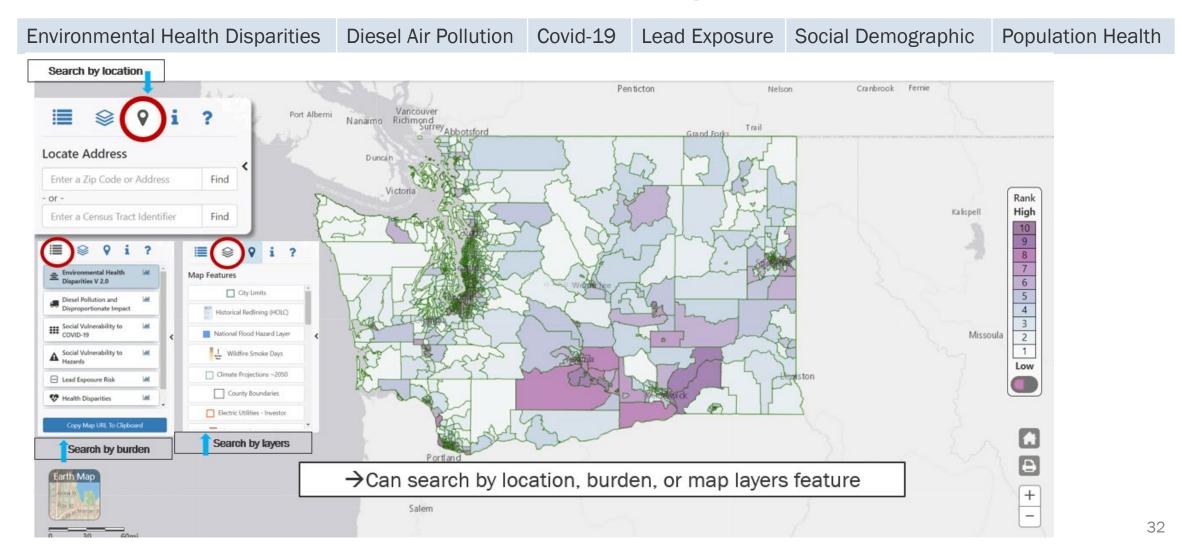
- New
- Persistent
- Worsening
- Improving

The map below shows all high-poverty neighborhoods in metropolitan areas in 2018 and the metro neighborhoods that were high-poverty in 1980 but have successfully turned around.

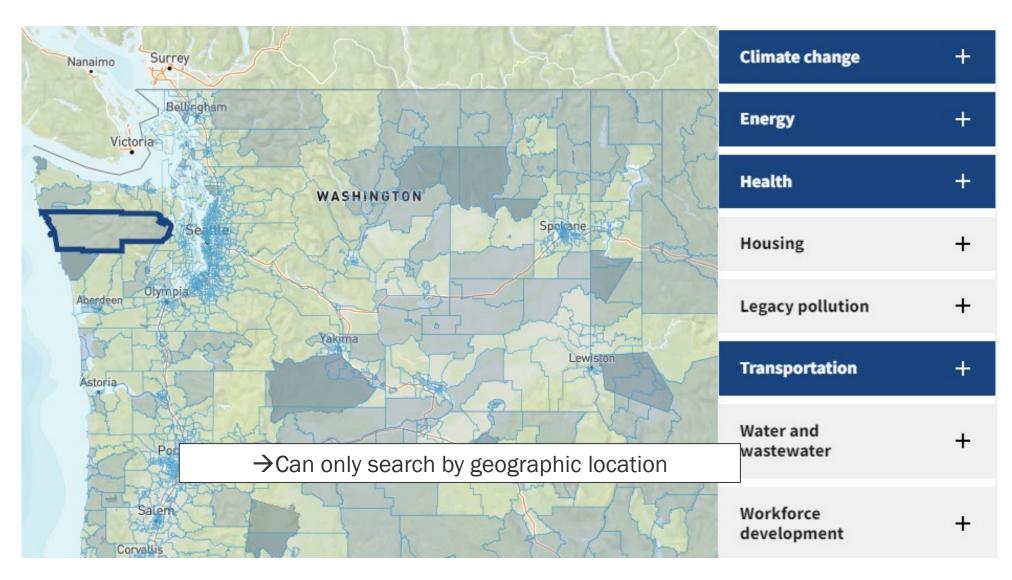


Washington State Department of Health's interactive map

Environmental Public Health Data mapper covering:



White House Climate & Economic Justice Screen Tool



Climate change

Expected agriculture loss rate

Economic loss to agricultural value resulting from natural hazards each year

Expected building loss rate

Economic loss to building value resulting from natural hazards each year

Expected population loss rate

Fatalities and injuries resulting from natural hazards each year

Projected flood risk

Projected risk to properties from projected floods, from tides, rain, riverine and storm surges within 30 years

64th

not above 90th percentile

90th above 90th percentile

76th

percentile

84th

percentile

not above 90th

not above 90th

Projected wildfire risk

Projected risk to properties from wildfire from fire fuels, weather, humans. and fire movement in 30 years

AND

Low income

People in households where income is less than or equal to twice the federal poverty level, not including students enrolled in higher ed



Search for an address, city, state or ZIP Number: 53077940003 County: Yakima County (243) State: Washington Population: 3,315 [12] + kwood Tract demographics Race / Ethnicity (show ∨) Age (show v) Identified as disadvantaged? 48 YES AK This tract is considered disadvantaged because it meets more than 1 burden threshold AND PR the associated socioeconomic Gυ threshold. Yakama Indian AS The lands of Federally Recognized Tribes that cover 96% of this tract MP are also considered VI disadvantaged. Send feedback 141 Climate change

Energy

@ Mapbox @ OpenStreetMap Improve this map

86th

not above 90th percentile

Goldendale

Health

Asthma

Share of people who have been told they have asthma

94th above 90th percentile

Diabetes

Share of people ages 18 years and older who have diabetes other than diabetes during pregnancy

88th

not above 90th percentile

Heart disease

Share of people ages 18 years and older who have been told they have heart disease

88th

percentile

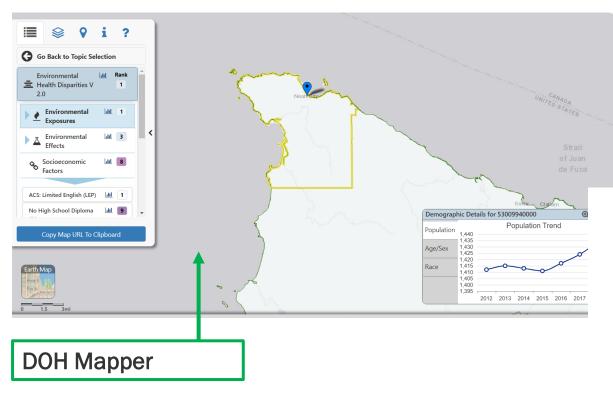
not above 90th

Low life expectancy

Average number of years a person can expect to live



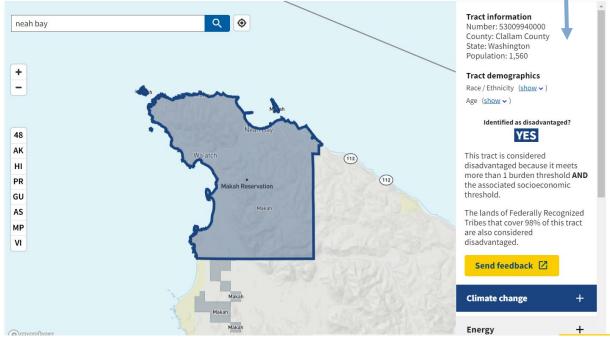
Neah Bay Comparison



- Ranks low (1) on environmental health disparities and environmental exposures
- Ranks low (3) on environmental effects
- Ranks high (9) on socioeconomic factors

Climate and Economic Justice Screening Tool

- Blanket yes or no for 'identified as disadvantaged'; Neah Bay is yes
- Based on socioeconomic threshold and 2+ 'burdens'
- Climate change, health, and workplace development are all identified 'burdens'



Environmental Justice Narrative

- How does your project address environmental inequities in your jurisdiction?
 - This can draw from the mapping exercise
- Provide inclusive community engagement opportunities
- Ensure voices from all potentially impacted persons are heard
 - Community engagement and environmental justice are distinct

Examples of Inequities in the Shoreline

- Disproportionate exposure to:
 - Flooding
 - Sea level rise
 - Erosion
- Public access and wellbeing
 - Where are your local shoreline access areas?
- Loss of culturally and economically significant food resources
 - Degraded habitat

Environmental Justice Funding Guidelines

- 10 points total
 - 5 points for mapping exercise (3 = partial)
 - 5 points for narrative (3 = partial)

→Goal is not to create additional barriers to applying, but to support development of projects that have the greatest and most inclusive benefit for your community.

Tribal Engagement

 Projects that include tribal consultation and partnership will be prioritized.

• Describe your strategy for engaging tribal governments to understand tribal interests, relevant efforts, available information, and methods for coordination and input.

Tribal Engagement - Point Distribution

• Full points (5): Awarded to applications that include a tribal support letter or for projects that are otherwise conducted in partnership with a tribal government.

 Partial points (3): Awarded for proposals that provide a robust tribal engagement strategy that exceeds the standard noticing requirements of the SMA and implementing rules

Environmental and Tribal Justice Lens

 Environmental and Tribal justice are integral to meeting Washington's natural resource management goals

Please feel free to contact me if you have questions:

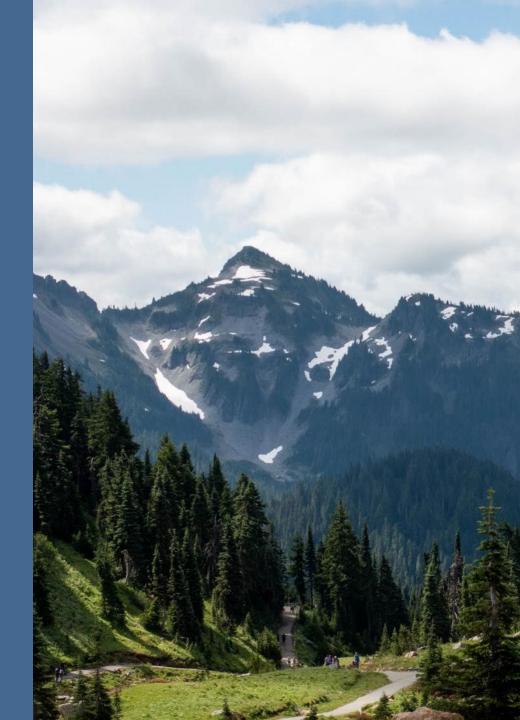
ozim461@ecology.wa.gov

Quality Assurance

Misty Blair







A QAPP describes the objectives of the study and the procedures to be followed to achieve those objectives.

- Document all roles and expectations
- Increase efficiency by reducing the chance of errors and the need to repeat work
- Increase reliability of decisions made with project results
- Increase credibility and defensibility of project results

A QAPP is required if your project will do any of the following:

- ➤ Generate new environmental data.
- ➤ Analyze existing environmental data (including GIS data).
- ➤ Model environmental conditions.

Most projects will require a QAPP.

- Every study conducted by or for Ecology must have an approved QAPP.
- The QAPP provides direction to those who carry out the study and forms the basis for written reports on the outcome.
- A QAPP is intended to ensure that projects that collect or analyze environmental data develop plans for field, laboratory, and analytical activities that meet quality standards appropriate to the goals and scope of the specific project.

The QAPP lists the objectives of the study/activity; identifies the data needed to achieve those objectives; and describes the sampling, measurement, quality control, and data assessment procedures needed to obtain the data.

The size and complexity of the QAPP will be cost effective and in proportion to the magnitude of the study.

The level of detail in each QAPP will vary according to the nature of the work being performed and the intended use of the data.

Project uses existing data sources with established methods or protocols without modification.

Project collects **new**data following an
established method or
protocols **without modification**.

Project collects **new**data or uses **existing**data following an
established method or
protocols **with modification**.

Project collects **new** data or uses **existing** data following a new or unique method or protocols.

The level of documentation required increases as you move to the right

• In general, Ecology recommends that you allocate at least 5% of the overall project cost for a budget estimate.

• It can take 2-4 months to develop a QAPP, depending on the complexity of the project.

The QAPP must be completed and approved prior to beginning project work.



Consider the following when designing your project and applying for your grant:

Scope of Work - The QAPP review and approval process is part of your scope of work.

Budget - The cost of creating a QAPP should be reflected in your project budget.

Timeline - Creating a QAPP and having it reviewed/approved by Ecology's SEA QA Coordinator should be reflected in your project timeline.

Start the QAPP process early.

Lessons Learned

Misty Blair









Tips for consultants

- Follow the methods & procedures in the QAPP to ensure the expenditures can be reimbursed.
- Only the local government can be the applicant in EAGL.
- Only the local government can bill to Task 1.
- Align tasks and deliverables from the contract with those that are in the agreement.

Grant agreement & contract consistency

- The grant agreement is between the applicant and Ecology, and the agreement will have itemized tasks.
- These tasks will appear in the Ecology Administration of Grants and Loans (EAGL) database.
- Ensure that your contract follows the tasks as outlined in the agreement.

Tasks on invoices need to match agreement



Task Number:

Task Cost: \$0.00

Task Title:

1. Project Administration / Management

Task Description:

The RECIPIENT shall provide necessary project oversight to complete the scope of work in compliance with this ECOLOGY agreement, which includes project coordination, administration and management.

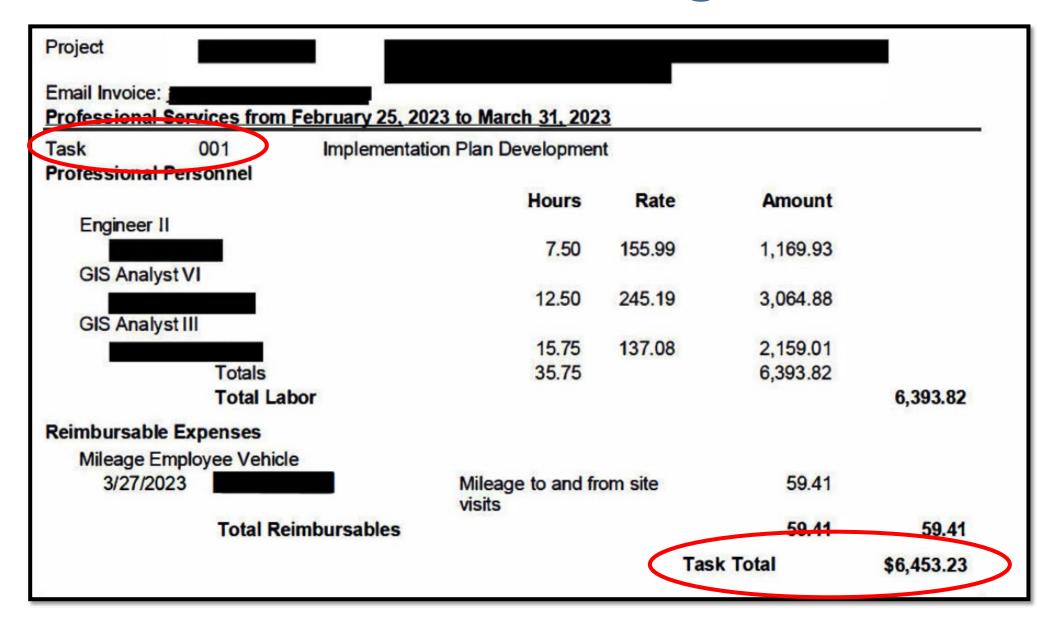
A. The RECIPIENT shall coordinate with ECOLOGY throughout the project. The RECIPIENT will provide ECOLOGY opportunities to review draft deliverables at appropriate intervals. ECOLOGY will provide ongoing technical assistance, and will evaluate consistency of deliverables with the Shoreline Management Act and applicable guidelines throughout the review process.

B. The RECIPIENT shall conduct project management activities including compliance with state statutes and rules, project scheduling, adherence to the scope of work, timelines, and due dates; request for, and if applicable, conducting the competitive procurement process including preparation of contractor bidding documents, advertisements, and grant monitoring.

C. The RECIPIENT shall submit quarterly progress reports and payment requests (PRPRs) with supporting documentation; maintain project records; and submit ECOLOGY-approved deliverables by the due dates established between ECOLOGY and the RECIPIENT.

Tasks on invoices need to match agreement



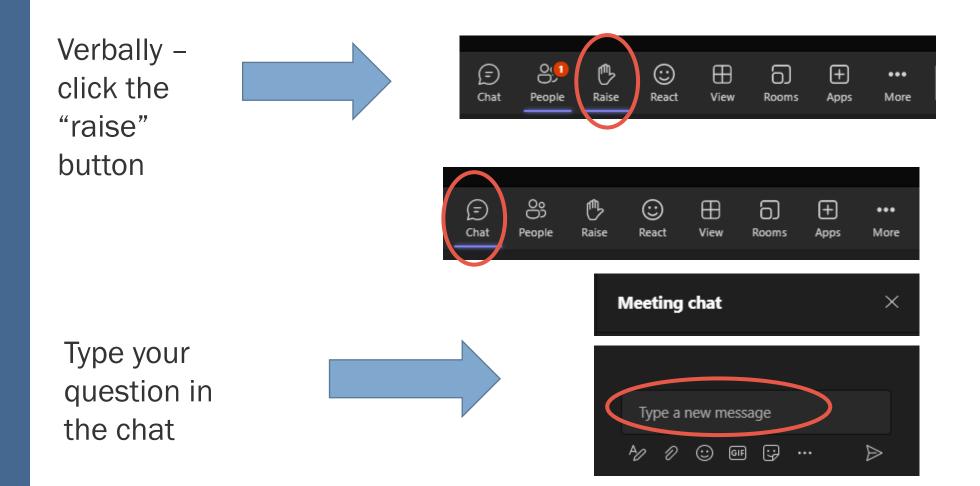


Q & A





Two ways to ask a question



Questions after the workshop?

Assistance with project proposals: Contact your Ecology regional shoreline planner. Find your assigned planner on Ecology's shoreline management contacts page (QR code).

EAGL application process:

Amy Krause amy.krause@ecy.wa.gov or (360) 732-7789

Michele Boderck michele.boderck@ecy.wa.gov or 360-764-6807

General questions: Rebecca Rothwell rebecca.rothwell@ecy.wa.gov or (360) 810-0025





Thank you for joining us today!



Application period opens July 5